## **VII.** Conclusive Remarks

In 2011, the Parliament of the Republic of Kazakhstan accepted the UNESCO Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage. In this way Kazakhstan committed itself to develop a national policy for the intangible cultural heritage.

The Convention expects the State Parties to pursue a policy that values the intangible cultural heritage. This Convention was realised because UNESCO feels that intangible cultural heritage is a mainspring of cultural diversity and a guarantee of sustainable development. Another reason was the fact that UNESCO had made the analysis that globalization and social transformation often give rise to deterioration, disappearance and destruction of the intangible cultural heritage. This is owing to a lack of resources for safeguarding or protecting intangible cultural heritage from disappearance. On the other hand, globalization also offers opportunities to experience the richness of cultural diversity. The convention on the intangible cultural heritage should also strengthen and support the UNESCO Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (1972 convention). In the Convention, UNESCO provides instruments and methods to increase the support for the intangible cultural heritage and to safeguard it.

The intangible cultural heritage is put under pressure, among other things as a result of the globalization and ongoing economic crisis. The lack of sufficient resources to safeguard or protect the intangible cultural heritage also contribute to this. The appreciation of the intangible cultural heritage increases its chances of being safeguarded. Use of modern technologies facilitates access to the knowledge about and increases the opportunity to become acquainted with the cultural heritage worldwide.

To better comply with the Convention the academic and cultural communities must recognize the intrinsic value of the intangible cultural heritage for the 'communities', 'groups' and/or individuals concerned and ensure mutual respect and dialogue. The traditional Kazakhstan national policy on mutual dialogue and enrichment of the ethnical cultures will doubtless enhance and strengthen the support for the intangible cultural heritage countrywide. The ICH bearers should take measures to allow for the continuous transmission of the intangible cultural heritage. In order to be able to achieve these purposes, the Government will have to develop and implement a policy in consultation with the cultural heritage field and the 'communities, groups and/or individuals' that convey intangible cultural heritage.

## Reference

- 1. Adambayev B. *Kazakh Traditional Oral Expressions Art.* Ana Tili, Almaty, 1994.
- 2. Akishev A.K. Art and Mythology of the Saks. Alma-Ata, 1984.
- 3. Akishev K.A. *Issyk Barrow. Art of the Semirechiye Saks.* Moscow, 1978.
- 4. Akishev K.A., Akishev A.K. Ancient gold of Kazakhstan. Alma-Ata, 1983.
- 5. Alimbai N., Mukanov M.S., Argynbayev Kh. *Traditional Life-Sustaining Culture of Kazakhs*. Gylym, Almaty, 1998.
- 6. Amanov B.Zh., Mukhambetova A.I. *Kazakh Traditional Music and XX Century*. Daik-Press, Almaty, 2002.
- 7. Ancient ceramics of Kazakhstan. Almaty, 1998.
- 8. Baipakov K., Kukashev R. *Atlas of Central Asian Artistic Crafts and Trades. Vol.II Kazakhstan.* IICAS, Tashkent, 2001.
- 9. Baipakov K.M., Erzakovich L.B. *Ceramics of Mediaeval Otrar*. Alma-Ata, 1990.
- 10. Baipakov KM. Following the Traces of Ancient Cities of Kazakhstan. Alma-Ata, 1990.
- 11. Baipakov KM. *Mediaeval Cities of Kazakhstan along the Great Silk Road*. Almaty, 1998.
- 12. Bartold B.B. *Information on the Aral Sea and Lower Amudariya from Ancient Time to 17 c.* Vol.3, Moscow, 1965.
- 13. Bazhenova N.A. In: Perspective of the Safeguarding and development of the Traditional Kazakh Folk Art in Modern Period. Almaty, 2010..
- 14. Bernshtam A.N. *Diadem from Shaman Burial on the River of Kargalinka*. Brief information on History of the Institute of Material Culture. Issue. 5, 1940.
- 15. Bernshtam A.N. *Historical and archaeological essays on Central Tien-Shan and Pamiro-Altai*. Materials and researches in archaeology of the USSR. Vol. 26, p. 146-150
- 16. Esova S., Orazbaeva N. Kazakh National Clothes. Zhalyn, Alma-Ata, 1976.
- 17. Gumilev L. Art of Ethnography. Decorative art, 1972, iss. 1.
- 18. History of Civilizations of Central Asia, in 6 volumes. UNESCO, Paris, 1992-2005.
- 19. *History of Kazakhstan Choreography* /Kishkabayev T., Shankibayeva A., Mambetova L. et al/ Almaty, 2005.
- 20. Ivanov A. A. Bronze Articles of the 12 c. from the Khodzha Akhmed Yassaui Mausoleum. In: Central Asia and its Neighbors in Ancient and Medieval time. Moscow, 1981.
- 21. Kadyrbaev M.K., Kurmankulov I.K. *Culture of Ancient Cattlemen and Metallurgists of Sary-Arka*. Almaty, 1992.
- 22. Kadyrbaev M.K., Kurmankulov Sh.K. *Sarmatian Warrior Burials on the Ilek River*. In: *Kazakhstan of the past in archaeological sources*. Alma-Ata, 1976.

- 23. Kenzheakhmetuly S. *Kazakh Traditions and Customs*. AlmatyKitap, Almaty, 2010.
- 24. Korbe O., Makhova V. *Decorative Art of Kazakhstan Farmers*. Brief Information, issue 11, Moscow, 1950.
- 25. Kutkhudzhin Sh. *Kazakh Ornamentation*. In: *Proceedings of KazSSR Academy of Sciences*, Publ.1, Art Learning Series, 1950.
- 26. Kuznetsova E.F., Teplovozskaya T.M. *Ancient Metallurgy and Porting of Kazakhstan*. Almaty, 1994.
- 27. Levanevskiy M.A. Essays on Kirghiz Steppes of Embinskiy Uezd. 1894.
- 28. Levina L.M. *Ceramics of the Lower and Middle Syr-Dariya River*. Moscow, 1972.
- 29. Levina L.M. East Priaraliye Ethnic and Cultural History. Moscow, 1966.
- 30. Maksimov M.M. Essay on silver. Moscow, 1981.
- 31. Margulan A.Kh., Akishev K.A., Kadyrbaev M.K., Orazbaev A.M. *Ancient Culture of Central Kazakhstan*. Alma-Ata, 1963.
- 32. Marshak B.I. The Sogdian Silver. M., 1971.
- 33. Masanov E. *Kazakh Felt Manufacturing in Late 19 and Early 20 Centuries*. In: Works of the Institute of History, Archeology, Ethnography of KazSSR Academy of Sciences, Volume 6, Almaty, 1959.
- 34. Masanov E. A. Notes on Carving Wood, Bone and Stone by the Kazakhs. In: Materials and Research on Ethnography of the Kazakh. Alma-Ata, 1963.
- 35. Masanov E.A. *Blacksmith's Work and Jewelry in Kazakh Aul.* In: *New Archeological and Ethnographic Materials of Kazakhstan*. Alma-Ata, 1961.
- 36. Mukanov M. Kazakh Home Decorative Handicrafts. Almaty, 1979.
- 37. Murataev K., Mussaev A. The Art of ceramics. Almaty, 2011.
- 38. Mustafina R.M. *Kazakh Beliefs, Cults and Rituals*. Kazakh Universitet, Almaty, 1992.
- 39. New Life for Ancient Traditions. Illustrated Album. Chevron Corporation, 2010.
- 40. Orazbaeva N.A. *Kazakh Folk Decorative Applied Arts*. Aurora, Leningrad, 1977.
- 41. Slovtsov I.Ya. Itinerary, made during the Trip throughout Kokchetau Uezd, Akmolinsk oblast. Omsk, 1897.
- 42. Shankibayeva A.B. *Kazakh Choreography: Development of Forms and Art Means* Almaty, 2011.
- 43. Tasmagambetov I.N. *Jewerly Crafts by Masters of Central Asia*. Didar, Almaty, 1997.
- 44. Tokhtabaeva S.Zh. Kazakh Jewelry Art. Alma-Ata, 1986.
- 45. Tursunov Ye.D.*The Origin of Baksy, Aqyns, Seri and Zhyrau*. Foliant, Astana, 1999.
- 46. VostrovV.V., Zakharova I.V. *Kazakh Traditional Habitat.* Nauka, Alma-Ata, 1989.
- 47. Zakharova I. *Material Culture of South-Eastern Kazakhstan Farmers*. In: Works of the Institute of History, Archeology and Ethnography of KazSSR Academy of Sciences. Ethnography, Almaty, 1956.
- 48. Zakharova I., Khodzhaeva R. *Kazakh National Clothes* (19 Beginning of the 20 centuries.), Alma-Ata, 1964

## **Notes**

agash usta wood craftsman

Alaman-bayga horse racing on rough terrain for long distances

aqinak sword

agyn patrimonial poet and song-writer

aruakhs benevolent spirits-ancestors

ayakkap small bag to keep dresses in, sewing utensils and other

women's small things

*aytys* dual poetic competition

bakhsy traditional health worker or a shaman

baspa satin stitch
batyr warrior

betashar the ritual of unveiling the bride's face to the marriage guests

*bii* judge

bilteli myltyk gun

Burkitshi, professional hunters with birds

Kusbegi

byz keste chain stitchchirag ancient lampdzhigit horse rider

Kazakhsha

kures

Kazakh wrestling

kebezhe wardrobe

kerege most honored place in yurta

kese cap case for drinking bowls

keste embroiderykise beldyk warrior's beltklevet, chekan battle axekoitastar tomb stones

Kokpar tartu horse-racing wrestling

konek milk pails

koshkar muyiz conjugated spiral sheep curls

koumiss horse milk kumgan kettle

kurak korpe chair cushions

malakhai Kazakh national hat made of fox

neke suyi wedding ceremony
orys keste embroidery in cross

sal and sari inventive souls and poets

shubat camel's milk

shymyldyk wedding curtainsskan filigree technique

suyekshi bone carver
syrmak thick felt carpet

tegerysh wide embroidered band

tekemet carpet with a rolled pattern

Tengri (Heaven), a supra-natural power

terme ornamented strip

torsyk koumiss (horse milk) flask

tuskiiz wall carpet

yurta traditional nomadic mobile dwelling made of thick felt

zerger jeweler

zern grain technique

zhyrau diviner and prophetic epic poet

zhyrtys pat of a tissue to put on a lonely tree as a tribute of

reverence to associated spirits